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"I could've made more records. I chose not to."

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21-PAGE SPECIAL

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# ARCHITECT'S ARCHITES

Sensual, secretive, obsessive: the story of KATE BUSH: Recording Artist is a rich and dramatic quest for control and possession of her art – one which her raft of newly remastered albums underlines with an unmistakeably personal touch. In new material from interviews with MOJO's TOM DOYLE, she relives the highs and lows of her hunt for perfection: "It would've been nice if some of the stuff I did wasn't always so hard."

Portrait: CLAUDE VAN HEYE

MASH! THE FIRST GLASS HIT THE FAMOUS parquet floor of Abbey Road's Studio Two. Another quickly followed it. Then another, and another. Before long, the place was a mess: jagged shards everywhere. Later, the canteen staff at the world's best-known recording facility would be none too chuffed to learn of the wanton destruction of their glassycaps.

In the spring of 1980, as she was nearing the completion of her third album, *Never For Ever*, the 21-year-old Kate Bush was loving the sound of breaking glass. Miked, recorded and stored on the still-newfangled Fairlight Computer Music Instrument, the smashing sounds were looped and played amid the balalaika crescendo of Babooshka, destined to be a Top 5 single. Then it was on to the rifles, the percussive cocking of their hammers sampled to enhance the bodhran beats of another future hit, Army Dreamers. For Kate Bush, it was a revelatory experience: the moment she could begin to paint with colours of sound that, up to this point, she'd only heard in her head.

"It meant I could do some of the experimentation which, for me, is such a part of the process," she told me in 2005, in a fourhour-long, face-to-face interview, much of which remained unpublished until now. "It was fantastic. There was this lovely feeling of creativity and freedom and fun."

Bush had been introduced to the Fairlight by Peter Gabriel, around the time she'd added her distinctively haunting backing vocals to Games Without Frontiers and No Self Control for his third eponymous solo album. Gabriel subsequently lent one of the bulky and expensive new instruments to Richard James Burgess and John Walters of the electronic band Landscape, and asked the two to cart it over to Abbey Road to give Bush a demonstration. She didn't need its potential spelling out.

"She can see and hear exactly what she wants to get and then she has to struggle to try and achieve it," noted David Gilmour, who first brought the teenage Kate Bush to the attention of EMI in 1975. "I think she found that the Fairlight gave her much more control and helped her to achieve her vision."

On Never For Ever, as opener Babooshka slipped into the tangential track two shapes of Delius, Kate Bush the artist we know today was born. There was a good reason for this — three albums in, she was now in command of her production, albeit for now working in cahoots with Jon Kelly, the engineer of her 1978 debut, The Kick Inside and, for her, its too-hasty follow-up, Lionheart.

"I mean, I didn't really know a lot about what you did in re-



cording studios," she reflected. "But I'd made two albums and was getting the hang of it. So, with the third album, I said [to Kelly], Shall we produce it together? So that was the first big step.

"I think music is very visual," she continued. "On Never For Ever, there was quite a bit of that... trying to imagine being there. It's that thing of being in this place, isn't it? That you're talking about or singing about. So, then you're trying to create what it looks like and who's there."

Much later, Bush would work with Michael Kamen on her 1989 album, *The Sensual World*. The composer had recently finished the score for Terry Gilliam's 1988 film, The Adventures Of Baron Munchausen, and when he played it for Bush, she was thrilled to discover that she could visualise the movie's

scenes from the music alone.

"I was saying to him, Oh, is this the bit where there's the storm and the boat goes down? and he was going, 'Yes!' His music was so visual, I could see it."

It was during *Never For Ever* that Bush realised that only through the painstaking control and curation of her soundworld could such effects be ensured.

"Obviously the production is such a big part of what the song is," she told me. "It's every bit as much what the song is as the lyric and..." She paused, and smiled, before precisely nailing down what would become her attitude to record making.

"I mean, it is the song."

NITIALLY, THE TEENAGE KATE

Bush, rushing home from school to get back to the piano and her ever-growing collection of highly original, self-written songs, wasn't ever in need of a tape recorder: "I was the tape machine. I used to practise, practise, practise in order to remember the stuff. It's what I did all the time."

Looking back, she recognised that she must have cut quite an intense figure as a young girl. "I think I was, yeah. Muted intensity. I suppose it was the

equivalent to my hobby. Whereas some girls were off riding ponies and stuff, I was sitting, y'know, writing my *rock opera*."

Brian Bath, the guitarist who would go on to work with Bush until *Hounds Of Love* in 1985, remembers being invited by Kate's older brother Paddy to their home at East Wickham Farm in Kent to hear the then-13-year-old play her songs. It was May 1972. "They were amazing, because they were just so different," he enthuses. "The chord progressions were like nothing I'd ever come across before. Kate just seemed to go elsewhere."

Soon, Bush began committing these songs to tape at home in a rudimentary fashion. Some of the recordings were passed, via Ricky Hopper, a mutual friend of Paddy Bush and David Gilmour, to the Pink Floyd guitarist. Impressed, Gilmour

offered to record a more polished demo: "I trundled off down to her house with a tape recorder one day and recorded a load more songs with her at the piano in her front room." He then selected three – The Man With The Child In His Eyes, The Saxophone Song and never subsequently released Maybe – to record with Bush, and members of the country rock band Unicorn, at his home studio.

"But they didn't really achieve what was required," Gilmour remembered of the tapes. "Then basically the decision was made that it needed to be done properly. I thought that we needed to actually record masters for an album."

So committed was Gilmour that he financed the sessions, bringing in another friend, Andrew Powell, to produce them at AIR Studios in central London. On that day in June 1975, when the 16-year-old Bush was supposed to be sitting a couple of mock O levels, she performed what proved to be the final version of The Man With The Child In His Eyes, singing and playing live at the piano, backed by a full orchestra.

It was the first time she'd ever set foot in a top-flight professional recording studio: "I think of myself in that room and I think, Well done, that you actually had the guts to sit there and do that. I wanted to leave school and my parents said, 'You've got to take your O levels. You can't leave school before.' There was an element of me

wanting to show them that I really meant what I was saying... I wanted to make music. When I look back at it, they were really great about it.

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Because they probably saw I was so driven that it was what I was going to do anyway."

Her second recording experience was as the singer in The KT Bush Band, the group she'd been performing with in pubs and clubs in and around London. In April 1977, the band booked into De Wolfe Studios to record demos, including Them Heavy People and James And The Cold Gun, in arrangements similar to those later to feature on *The Kick Inside*. But for the recording of her debut album in the summer of that year, Andrew Powell and EMI insisted she ditch the band, in favour of a group of session musicians brought in from Cockney Rebel and Pilot, both of whom Powell had worked with as an orchestral arranger.

"She was assured when she sat at the piano," says Stuart Elliott, the main drummer on *The Kick Inside*. "There was a performance every time. It was a luxury really. Whatever you did over the top was just the icing on the cake. Or the icing under the cake (*laughs*)."

As successful as *The Kick Inside* was, both creatively and commercially, Kate Bush was trying to assert further control over her creative process as early as summer 1978. A demo studio was

swiftly built in the former grain store barn at East Wickham Farm where as a child she'd been photographed playing a wheezing old organ by her eldest brother, John Carder Bush. The flagstone floor in the now ad hoc live room was kept, while its grain loft, accessed via a set of steps, served as the control room of the 8-track facility.

There, throughout June, the test recordings for the *Lionheart* songs were committed to tape by The KT Bush Band, including early versions of Wow, a heavier guitar rendering of Coffee Homeground and a take of Hammer Horror that Paddy Bush insisted his sister recorded in total darkness.

"He had some boxes of matches," Brian Bath remembers, "and while she was singing it, he started throwing them through the air. We were upstairs listening to Kate doing her vocal. All of a

sudden you just heard this 'Waaaaaaaaaa!' She was apparently so scared. I thought she might've been putting it on, but she actually lost her voice. She couldn't sing for quite a few days after that."

The sessions for *Lionheart* commenced in July 1978 in Super Bear Studios, near Nice. At first, The KT Bush Band were brought in for the recordings, although it quickly became apparent that the combination wasn't working out.

"I mean, we were fairly experienced," Bath pointed out. "I was asked to do things like swelling guitars, but I didn't have a [volume] pedal on the floor. So, it was quite tricky. I just got a bit disillu-







times, and I've replaced other musicians... some very famous ones who'll remain nameless. She knows what she wants and she goes for it and gets it and it doesn't matter how long it takes. The lovely thing about Kate is that she's relaxed, patient. It's a process of layering music really, which was the big change in Kate's approach."

Brian Bath remembers various bassists being tried on the Floydlike Breathing before John Giblin contributed his slinky fretless part. "All of a sudden the song just took off," he says. "He was just weaving, like he was a plant growing on the song. What he did to that song was incredible."

This painstaking process of etching individual performances onto tape was to reach its apotheosis in the drawn-out recording of 1982's entirely self-produced *The Dreaming*. From the off, Bush had very specific rules in mind. "At the time I had this thing about no hihats, no cymbals!" she laughed. "On Never For Ever, I was really pleased about the experimental stuff we did. But I always felt there was this slightly sort of MOR quality to hi-hats. It just sounded a bit passé. So that was one of the key things, make sure there's no hi-hats..."

"That was a challenge," notes Stuart Elliott. "We had to rack our brains to find things that were not traditional. So we just looked for tiny little hand drums and bits of metal and just bashed the hell out of those. Del Palmer, who was the engineer/bass player [and Bush's then-boyfriend] did a lot of sampling with the Fairlight. Y'know, aerosols, pss pss, and they'd use those as hi-hats. It was a very creative period."

Bush relocated for the album's early work to the Townhouse in Shepherd's Bush, drawn there by the studio's stone drum room inspired less by the ubiquitous sound of Phil Collins's In The Air Tonight and more by PiL's 1981 album, The Flowers Of Romance. Engineer Nick Launay, who worked on both records back-to-back, underlines the sonic link. "We actually used some of the same instruments as the Public Image record," he told this writer. "Kate was absolutely incredible. It was this almost child-like enthusiasm that both of us were driven by. It was just like, 'Let's try this, let's try that."

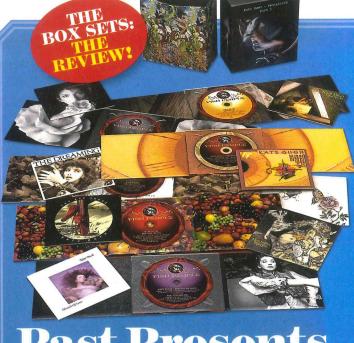
For the climax of Leave It Open, Bush told Launay that she wanted the drums to sound like cannons firing at them from across a valley. "We got corrugated iron from a building site and put it around the kit," he remembered. "We were making loops and just experimenting madly. I think the word 'wow' was used a lot. It was like being in a toy shop."

Now far removed from the helium-voiced popster of popular perception, the Kate Bush of *The Dreaming* showcased a staggering range of vocal approaches – from the desperate screams of a Viet Cong soldier in Pull Out The Pin, to the exaggerated Aussie accent of the title track to Get Out Of My House's disturbed donkey braying. "I'm able to oversee the whole thing in a way that I can treat myself almost like an actor on a stage," she said. "It's not just being a singer. The voice is just part of trying to create an atmosphere or a little story or a picture and it's very much [about] the emotional content..."

But Bush became mired in the recording of *The Dreaming*: "We actually ended up dragging round loads of different studios. Loads of different engineers and actually I ended up back at Abbey Road at several points." As Launay notes, "She's obviously got this incredible talent and her mind is very complex. But she got very detailed and procrastinated over things."

As the months rolled on, executives at EMI were beginning to wonder if Bush should be producing herself at all, or even if the record would ever be finished. The pressure from the label began to weigh her down. She credited engineer Paul Hardiman, who came

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# **Past Presents**

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### Kate Bush

Kate Bush – Remastered

One of the many intriguing aspects of Kate Bush's 2014 live shows was that nobody attending the opening night had a clue what she was going to play. Few expected a routine hits set, but who didn't go back to *Aerial* or *The Red Shoes* later, and listen to Joanni or Top Of The City with a different mindset? Supposedly, Bush felt more

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And Kate Bush - Remastered is the ultimate tinkering exercise Bush and Pink Floyd engineer James Guthrie have undertaken a sonic refresh of all 10 of her cover versions, 12-inch singles

The albums have been grouped available in four separate vinyl boxes or two separate CD boxes (the second of which also includes

the original mix of 2016's Before



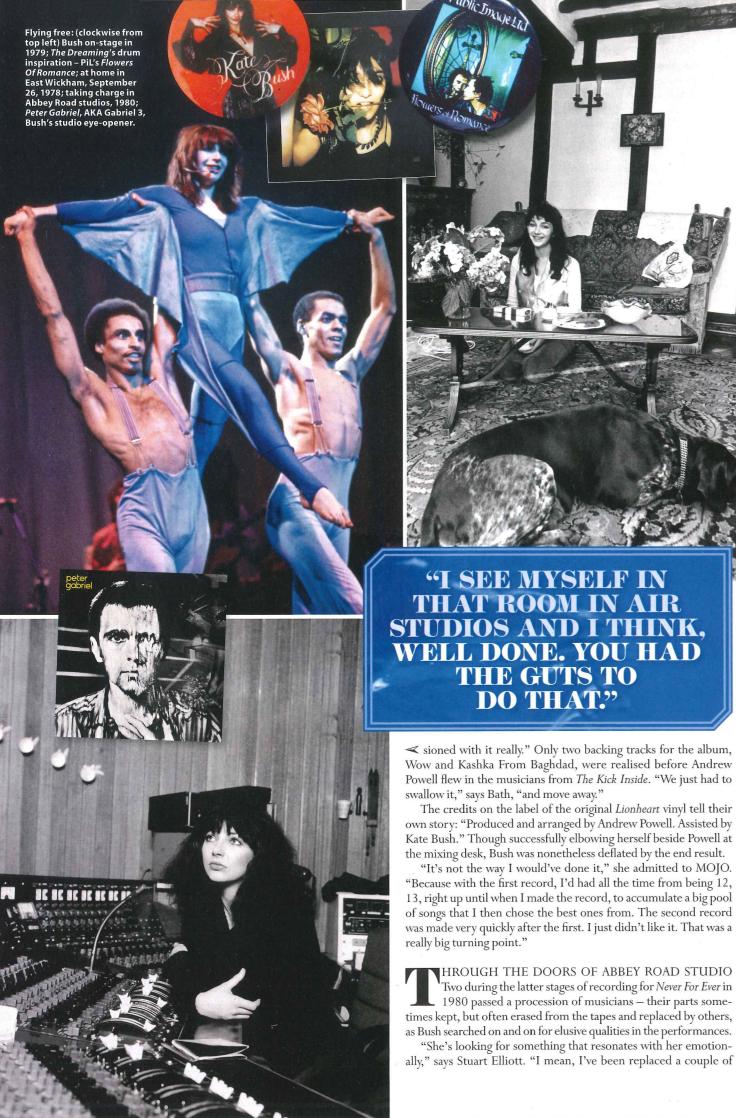
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The musical leaps made in the '80s between *Never For Ever, The* Dreaming and Hounds Of Love sound even more vivid here. Bush and Guthrie's new cuts put the listener right there: close enough to get cut by Babooshka's flying glass or trapped shivering under the ice floe in The Ninth Wave. It also gives and re-evaluate. Who else had forgotten The Red Shoes' Nige nedy-assisted industrial-rock

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Kate Bush – Remastered (FISH PEOPLE, CD/LP)

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XHAUSTED BY THE INTENSIVE, KUBRICK-

esque process of making The Dreaming, Kate Bush's next move was both a reassessment and a partial retreat, back to East Wickham Farm. There, some garages neighbouring the barn were cleared out to provide extra recording spaces and they built a whole new control room. Two 24-track tape machines were installed and synced together to give 48-track capabilities. Inside, the walls were papered in blue, dotted with white clouds. Bush was now in the position to make

commercial studio again.

"I don't like working in commercial studios," she told me.

"For a start, they're so expensive.
But also, I don't like the dissipation of the focus. 'Cos you might be in the middle of doing a vocal and you look through to the con-

records in the place she'd

dreamed and experimented as a

child. Rarely would she book a

trol room and you'll see somebody walking in looking for a pair of headphones or something. I think it's very important to get the creative focus and it's very easily distracted. The creative process is, I think, very much about trying to keep this focus throughout all these things that are trying to destroy it."

At East Wickham Farm, utterly free from distractions, she began to make the album that would become *Hounds Of Love*. "It's a quiet space that you create from," she reasoned. "I think of it quite often as being similar to people who write books and stuff. It's disciplined and quite often they do it in the shed in the garden, because they need that quiet space."

Youth, the Killing Joke bassist and record producer who added his low-end rumble to The Big Sky, was wholly impressed by Bush's skills and discipline in self-producing: "I'd seen other artists self-produce and more often than not, it doesn't come out very well. Occasionally, you can get a masterpiece and I think *Hounds Of Love* is one.

"It made a lot of sense because she was spending so much time in commercial studios, that even with hit albums it didn't make her commercially viable. So she built her own studio, spending her own money on an SSL [mix-

ing desk], which was an astronomical cost in those days. She had a great team of people around her and it was fascinating watching her work."

Building up rhythms with a Linn drum machine, and creating idiosyncratic top lines on the Fairlight, Bush invited musicians, one-by-one, down to the farm. "The Fairlight was in full force then," remembers Stuart Elliott. "But we did put a lot on top of that. Sometimes the Fairlight became just like a string for us to hang off, like pearls."

Bush's ambitions stretched even further on *Hounds Of Love* than they had on *The Dreaming*, albeit in a more controlled way. And they peaked on side two's song cycle, The Ninth Wave.

"It's a bit like... my first novelette," she told me, adopting a faux-lofty tone. "I enjoyed doing that. It was really hard work. But I thought it was the beginning of something really interesting. It's just the idea of taking a piece of music on a journey, which was what opera and classical music used to

do all the time."

The recording process was lighter in spirit than it had been for *The Dreaming*. For instance, booking masterly German double bassist Eberhard Weber to play on three tracks, Bush was suddenly

struck by a left-field notion. "Don't ask me why," she told me, "but I just thought, Wouldn't it be great if he did some whistling? He was out

there for a couple of hours whistling. I remember somebody saying, 'God, you've brought this huge star bass-player over and you're making him whistle...'"

In 2005, Bush felt she could still hear the humour in much of the album: "Hounds Of Love with the backing vocals, the doggy 'Ow, ow, ow," she noted, laughing.

MOJO was forced to admit we'd never realised those were meant to be dogs...

"Oh, yeah. It's the hounds of love, innit?"

EPTEMBER 2005 AND KATE BUSH WAS SHOWING MOJO around her home studio, in a location she was so keen to leave undisclosed that when she'd had this writer picked up that morning in a car, the driver had been sworn not to reveal the destination. "Shall we put a bag over his head?" he'd heard her laughing the day before, talking on the phone to someone from the back seat.

"I THOUGHT, THEY'RE

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As creative inner sanctums go, her studio was an unfussy and compact set-up — in the live room sat a grand piano, but also a Celtic harp with half the strings missing under a poster for a stage production by her performance mentor Lindsay Kemp, lop-sidedly Blu-Tacked to the wall. In the control room, standing in front of the SSL desk she'd mixed *Hounds Of Love* on, Bush turned and gestured towards her Sony 32-track digital tape recorder, which she'd been talked into buying for the making of 1993's *The Red Shoes*. She really hated it.

"Shitty digital tape," she grimaced. "The whole thing's got this edgy sound which drives me *nuts* when I hear it because it's not right. It's terrible. It's so frustrating."

Later, for 2011's *Director's Cut*, she would completely rebuild seven of the tracks from *The Red Shoes*, retaining only some of the original features. "I can't think of all the tracks," she claimed back in 2005, "but there's quite a few I don't like. And it's just too long. Maybe that should have been a double album. I should have thought of it then, you see, shouldn't I?"

Bush was referring to the fact that she had just completed her first double album, *Aerial*, also her first release in 12 years. Made in fits and starts after she'd become a mother in 1998, its slow gestation had helped give her perspective on her process.

"I think one of my big faults is that I have this real tendency to want to overdo things," she reckoned. "I want to try to be adventurous, and sometimes if I'm not careful, I overdo it. I think what [Aerial] was doing was continually forcing me into a situation where I was having to stand back from it. And I think sometimes — without wanting to sound pretentious — that thing of standing back from a painting, standing outside of something, is the best way to see it. Not when you're in it."

One of the standout features of A Sky Of Honey, the 42-minute-long song suite that comprised the second disc of *Aerial*, was





✓ birdsong, much of which had been recorded in the garden outside her house. Bush had listened to the recordings and "transcribed" them in her own voice, for the bird and human duets in Aerial Tal and the closing title track.

"I've always liked wood pigeons," she smiled. "That was quite easy because that's quite simplistic actually, isn't it? It's an easy shape. But the blackbird, that was tricky. Because it is intricate. I was trying to think, What in our language is in any way comparable to birdsong? I thought about that a lot and the only thing that seemed to have a sort of natural connection is the way we laugh. There is something strangely connected in the shapes."

Bush was still delighting in her creative freedom, and the fact that there was now no one to stop her following through with even her wilder or stranger ideas. In fact, she admitted that in the past, the more resistance she'd met, the more emboldened she'd become.

"If you believe that it's a good idea and it's worth it, you've just got to not listen to what other people say," she stressed. "It used to be almost like the acid test. If somebody sort of went, (*sharp intake of breath*) 'Not sure about that,' I'd think, Yes! Great, I'm on to something here. This resistance became the sign that I was on to something (*laughs*)."

She was less certain, however, ahead of the release of *Aerial*, about the wisdom of opening herself up to public scrutiny into her private life. Which begged the question: had she ever thought about making music purely for her own pleasure, and never releasing it?

"Well, I had this very interesting conversation with a friend years ago," she offered. "They were suggesting that you didn't have to let other people hear it. But you can't do that, because the way I see it is... look at a Shakespeare play, you could almost say it doesn't exist without the audience. And actually, what I think is really important about art is not so much the art, it's the relationship between the observer and the art. That relationship is totally key to being a human being. So, if you make music and you don't let people hear it, you haven't completed the mission."

ITH 2011'S 50 WORDS FOR SNOW, KATE BUSH continued to hone her sound-world while, at the same time, returning to her first principles, relying on piano and voice, tastefully adorned with live drums, bass and orchestrations, to paint the pictures. Certain parts of that album — Lake Tahoe, Misty, the sparse and spectrally beautiful Among Angels — sounded closer to *The Kick Inside* than any of her albums since. Except the gifted girl at the piano was now a woman.

"It's a balance, I think," she had said in 2005, looking ahead to these future recordings. "I like doing tracks with just a piano or maybe an orchestra as well. But something very, y'know, semiclassical, I guess. And I really love doing the band stuff. For me, if I didn't do both, I would miss not having the other."

Later, her commitment to provoking visualisation in her listeners by sound alone was underlined by her decision to release her 2014 Before The Dawn show as an audio rather than video document. The actual stage production – a magical visual feast as much as it was a sonic triumph, and one which was filmed – seems destined to remain only in the memories of those who originally attended.

Kate Bush turned 60 this summer, and it's easy to see why at this naturally reflective stage, she'd want to remaster her entire album catalogue, as she has done with this reissue of everything from *The Kick Inside* to *Before The Dawn*, along with her favourite B-sides and rarities. It's an opportunity for her to give her work a state-of-the-

art polish, while at the same time tidying up some of what she might consider her mistakes.

"I mean, it's always quite a disappointing process for me, listening back to stuff," she confessed. "Because either I think, Oh, I should've remixed that, or I shouldn't have done this. Or, That was good, but I didn't make enough of it. But that's all part of hopefully, hopefully a continuing process that you can take into the next record and maybe try and correct it and not make the same mistakes again. But



it's very hard because, of course, we all tend to repeat mistakes, don't we?"

MOJO had one last thought. Given the time that it took her to make albums, did she ever wish she'd made more, or that they'd been a bit easier for her to realise?

"I suppose it would've been nice if they'd been a bit easier," she decided. "It would've been nice if some of the stuff I did wasn't always so hard. I mean, I could've made more records. That would have been an easy choice. So, I had that choice and I chose not to. I chose to go through this incredibly sort of masochistic way of making records, which take a long time, and obviously there's fewer of them.

"But I think what's nice is although there aren't many records out there, they've all really been made with a lot of care."

So concluded Catherine Bush, purveyor of artisan albums since 1978. Still very much in business.

## Pull Out The Pen

"There's great imagery, great poetry, a bit of mystery": literary superfan IAN RANKIN hymns Kate Bush: lyricist.

"IDISCOVERED her with Wuthering Heights. That was a very early, exciting statement. I mean, she's probably responsible for more folk picking up that book than any English teacher at high school. I was in my early teens and I was interested in books, and I was interested in becoming a writer, and here was somebody from the world of pop scoring a big Number 1 hit single with an incredibly literate

song based on a novel.

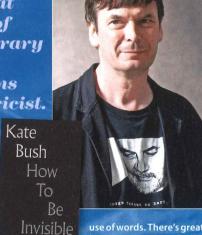
"She hadn't read the book?
(Laughs) She knew the story. It's a classic trope of doomed romance, isn't it? And it's got a spooky, supernatural element to it. So it really appealed. And such an unusual song to get to Number 1.
They always stay with you.

"If you were a teenager and you were a wee bit arty, you were discovering all these things [such as the reference to Russian mystic Gurdjieff in Them Heavy People] as well. You were dabbling in bits and pieces of philosophy and romantic poetry. You were looking for your road in life. You were looking for answers to big questions and she was dealing with some of it in her lyrics.

"And she continues to. But at the same time, she's also capable of writing about very mundane

matters. I mean, how many folk have written songs about washing machines or songs where they recite the number pi? So one of the exciting things is that, as her career continued, you never quite knew what you were going to get. And, of course, a lot of the songs are open to the wildest interpretation you want to give to them.

"She compels as a lyricist because it's great



use of words. There's great imagery, great poetry, there's a bit of mystery. I

don't know how many times I've read the lyrics of side two of Hounds Of Love [The Ninth Wave], looking for what it's actually all about. You can read her the way you would read a poet or a novelist. You keep going back. As I get older, I keep digging out new things that I hadn't noticed before. Or things that I think might be relevant, or things that might make sense to me.

"She's painting pictures, isn't she? She's an extraordinarily visual lyricist. These images just flash up in front of you as you listen to the record, or you read the lyrics. When she's singing The Big Sky and you've got that kind of thumping beat behind her, you're looking at a big sky, because it's such an expansive song. I've just got an incredible amount of respect for her because she doesn't always make it easy. There are these three-minute pop songs, but they're incredibly difficult lyrically, and she's obviously worked really hard at doing them as well

"Collecting lyrics together in a poetry book worked really well for Van Morrison [in 2014's Lit Up Inside]. I think if you're that kind of lyricist, if you're someone who has put a lot of work into your lyrics, to your fans you feel like a poet. She's definitely a poet when she writes, and they can be read without the music behind them. But that takes a very special lyricist."

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